

ICEBAT ICE THERMAL STORAGE



TECHNOLOGY OVERVIEW

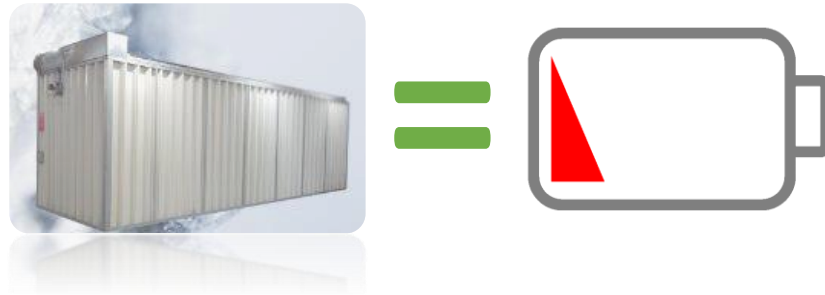


LATENT STORAGE PRINCIPLE



*8 times more energy
with latent heat Vs
sensible heat storage*

ICEBAT Latent Storage : transforming liquids into solids



- To store cold water is transformed into ice around the heat exchangers in either Fast or Modulating Charge Mode
- To release the stored energy ice is melted in either Fast Discharge or Modulating Discharge Mode

ICEBAT OPERATIONAL BENEFITS

Reducing energy costs via Low-Cost Tariffs

Reduce Mechanical Plant Capacity

Increase Resilience & Contingency levels

Enable Carbon Reduction from Cooling



APPLICATIONS

Air conditionning

Commercial

- Shopping centers
- Hotels
- Hospitals
- Offices
- Workshops, cleanrooms
- Manufacturing areas
- Data Center

Public

- Cinemas, theaters,
- Museum, worship places
- Swimming pools, Stadiums
- Airports
- Universities
- Exhibition centers
- Subway/Train stations

Refrigeration

Agro-Industry

- Logistic, storage
- Cleaning,
- Sterilization, pasteurization

Supermarkets

- Refrigeration plant subcooling
- Sales area Dehumidification
- Shopping mall Air conditioning

Pharma, chemicals, biotechnologies

- Manufacturing process
- Safe storage
- Emergency needs
- temperature stabilization

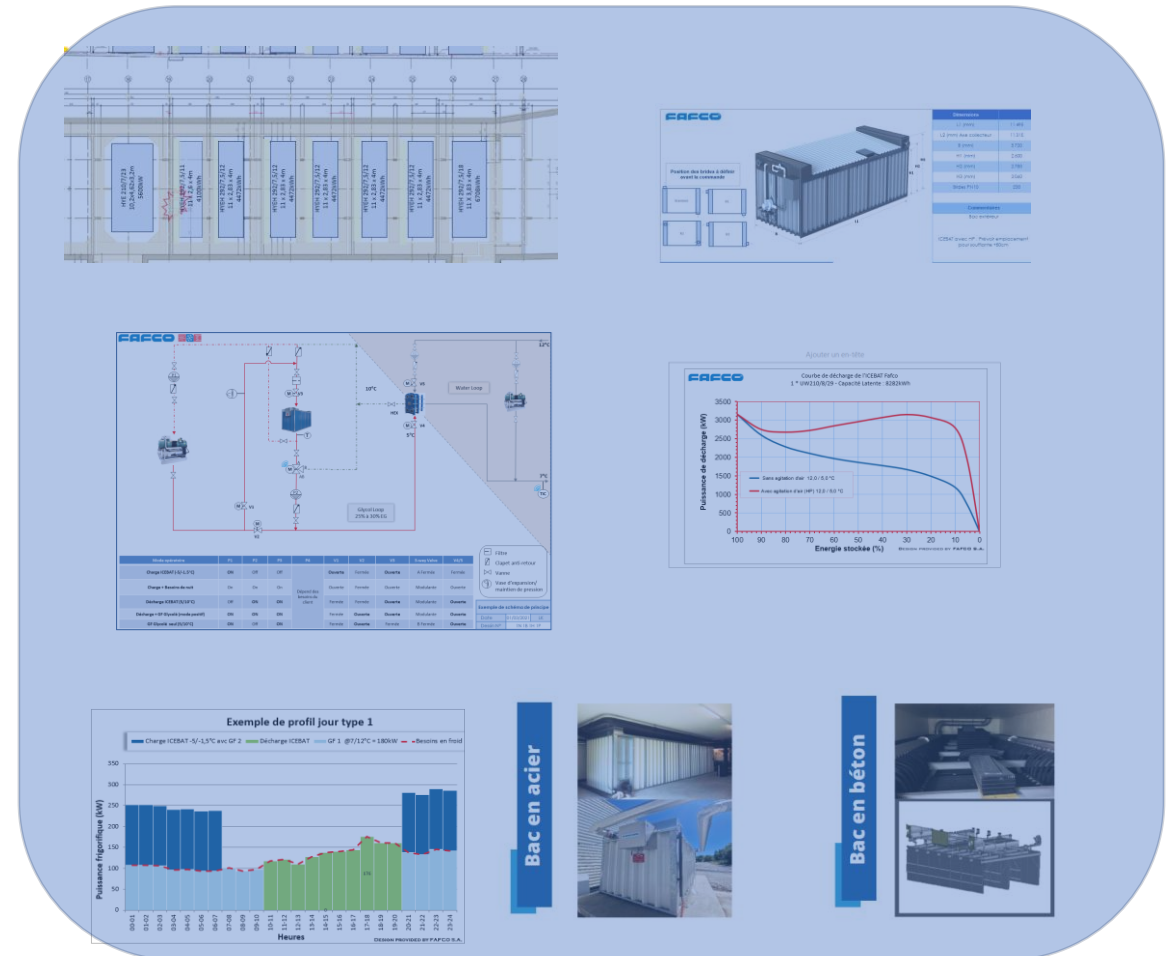
Cooling networks

- District cooling

IceBat Capacities from 150 kWh to +60 MWh

ENGINEERING & SUPPORT

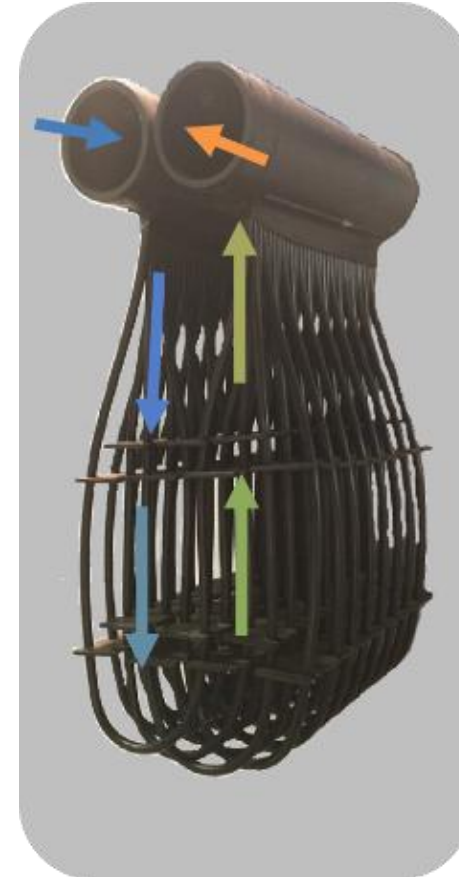
- ✓ *Design and innovation engineering support*
- ✓ *Pre-sales studies and engineering*
 - *Tailor-made design of ICEBATs with layout assistance*
 - *Thermal and hydraulic calculations*
 - *Definition of dedicated architectures (steel or concrete) adapted to environmental condition*
 - *Economic and Payback calculations**
- ✓ *After-sales service and maintenance*



* Depending on the information received by the client/end user/designer

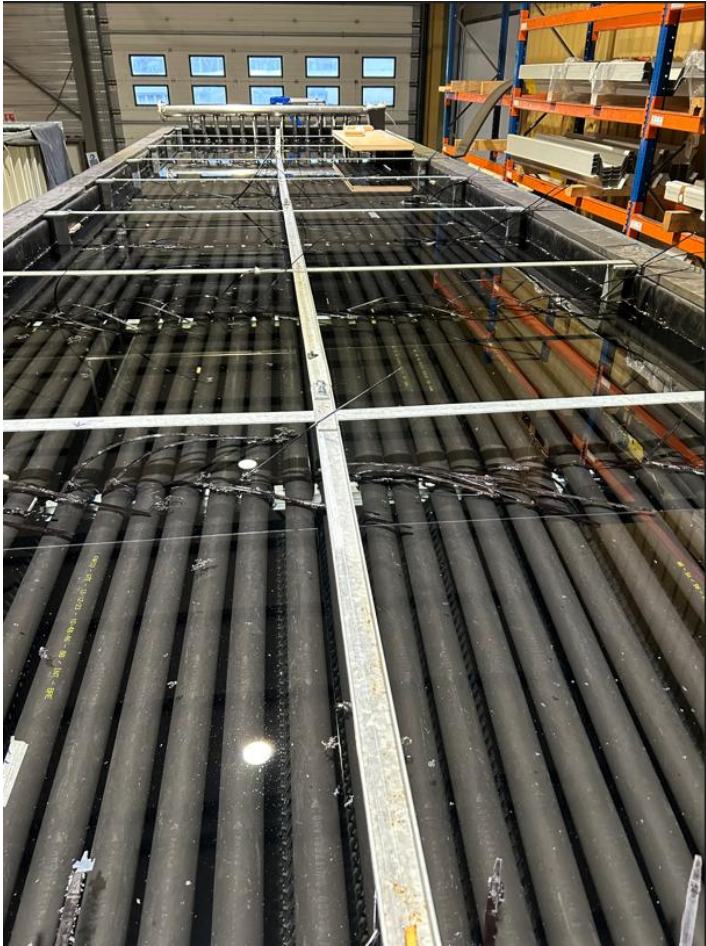
ICEBAT : EXCLUSIVE TECHNOLOGY

- ✓ *Patented Polypropylene heat exchangers*
 - *Large exchange surface and small spacing*
 - *High mechanical and chemical resistance*
 - *Low pressure drop*
 - *Vertical construction for optimum reinforced natural convection*
 - *Modular construction*
 - *Low glycol volume required*
- ✓ *Controlled charges and discharges*
 - *Full charge from -5°C*
 - *Charge in a very short time (Fast or Modulating Mode)*
 - *Flexible discharge time from $+0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Fast or Modulating Mode)*
- ✓ *Minimum heat loss $< 1\%$ per day*
- ✓ *0 to 100% charge level monitoring*
- ✓ *Proven quality*
 - *40 years' experience*
 - *100% of heat exchangers are tested and approved*



Layer of ice forming around the heat exchanger tubes.

ICEBAT – UW 210 / 6 / 14 - CAPACITY 3 MWh



Lines of exchangers



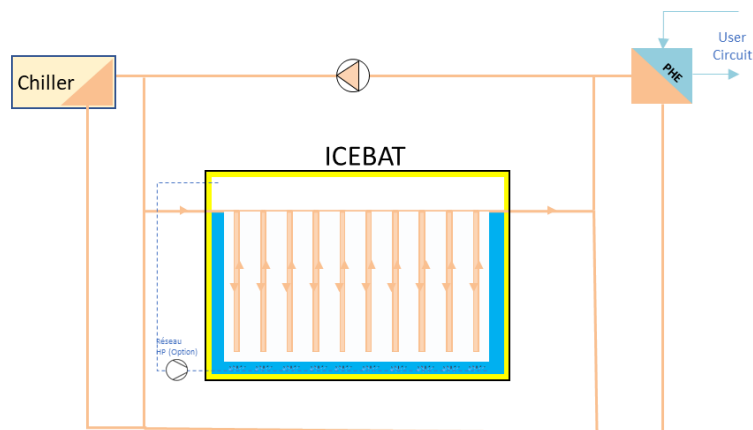
Glycol water Manifold & pipes to connect the exchangers

3D CROSS SECTION

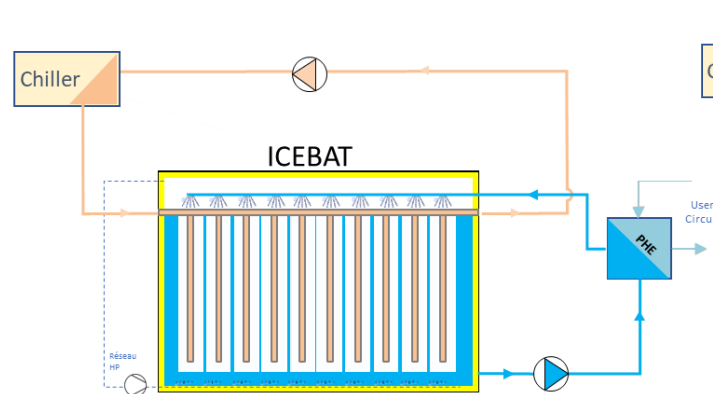


TYPES OF STORAGE - ICEBAT

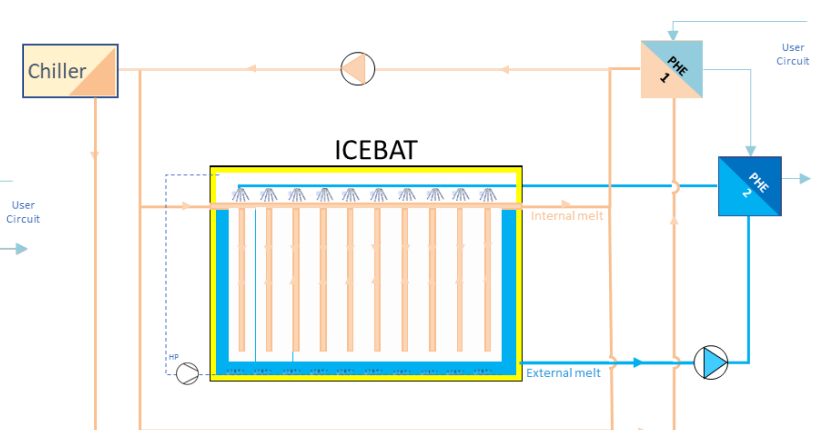
ICEBAT		Main applications	Charging time	Discharging time
1	UW Internal melt	Air conditioning for commercial, office, or public buildings...	6-8 hours from -5°C	6 to 8 hours Discharge temperature $\geq 3^{\circ}\text{C}$
2	XM External melt	Food industry, fine chemicals, pharmaceuticals, cosmetics...	6-8 hours from -5°C	discharge in 3 hours minimum deliver water @ 0.5°C
3	HYE hybrid internal & external combined melt	Industry District cooling network Data centres, ...	6-8 hours from -5°C	Complete discharge in less than 1 hour Cooling power multiplied by 10



Internal melt

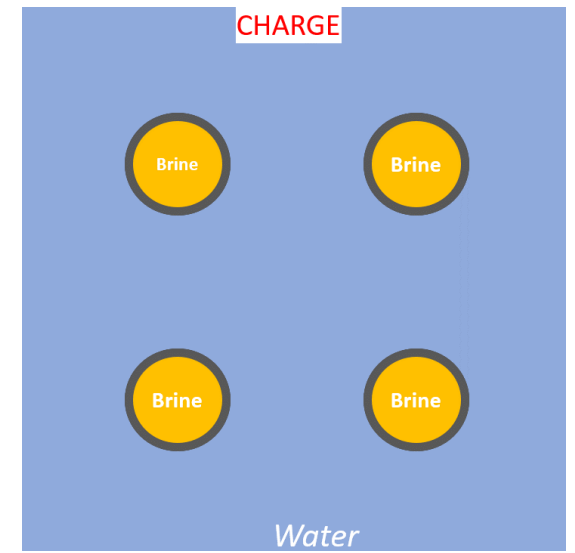
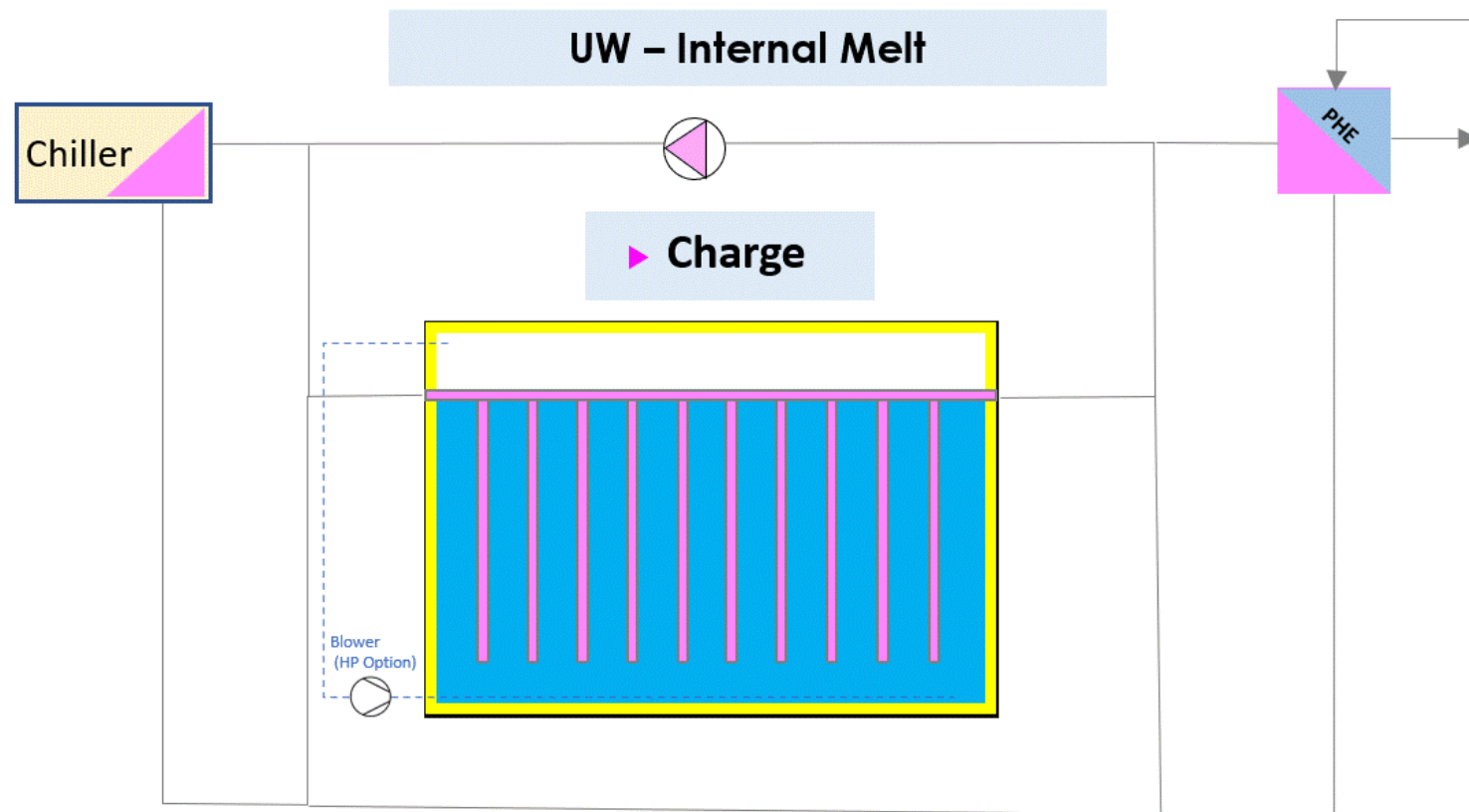


External melt

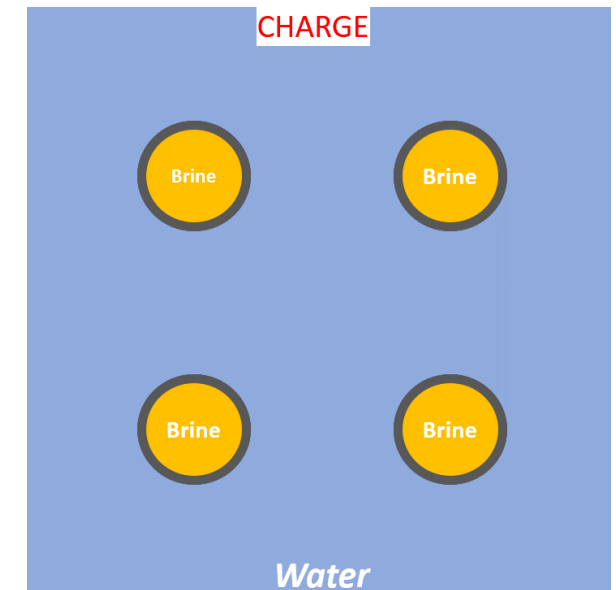
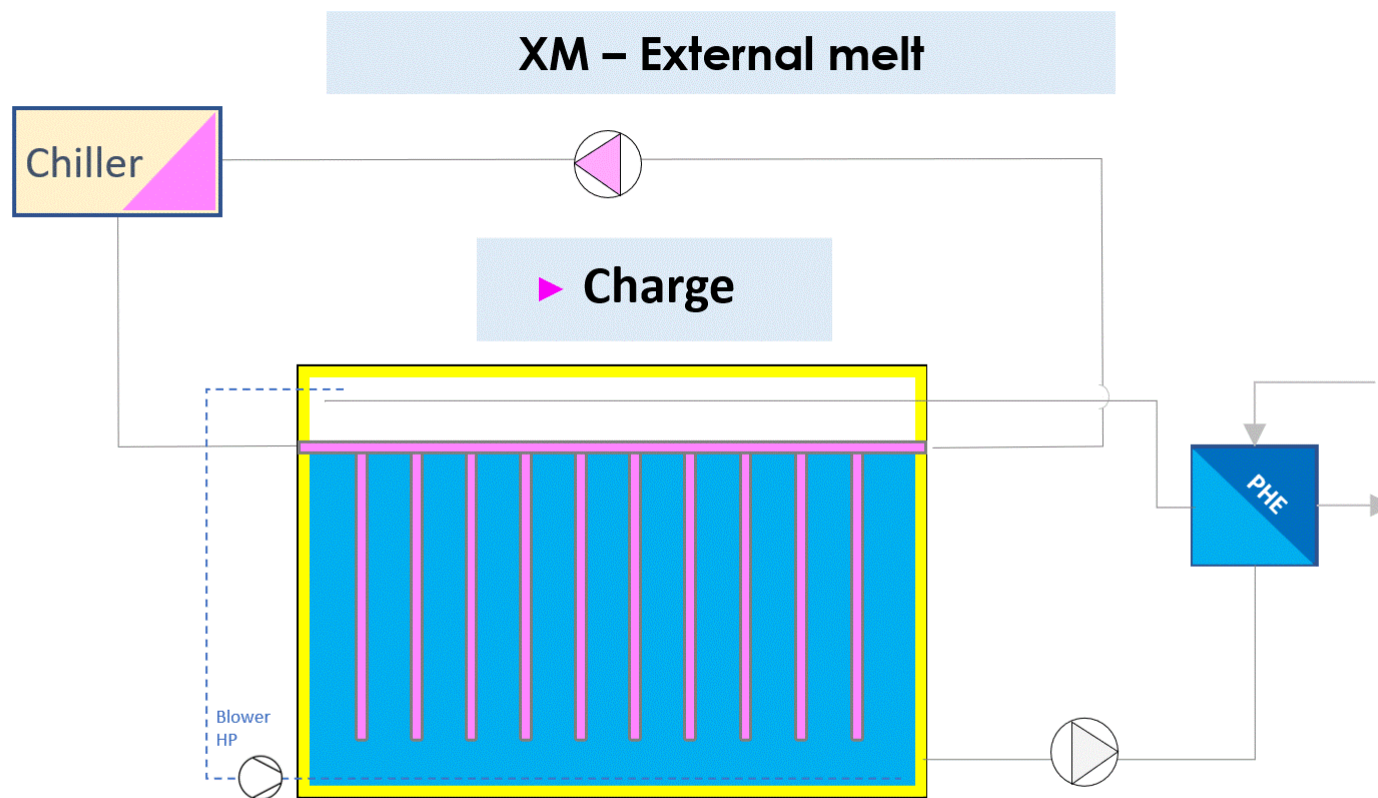


Hybrid melt

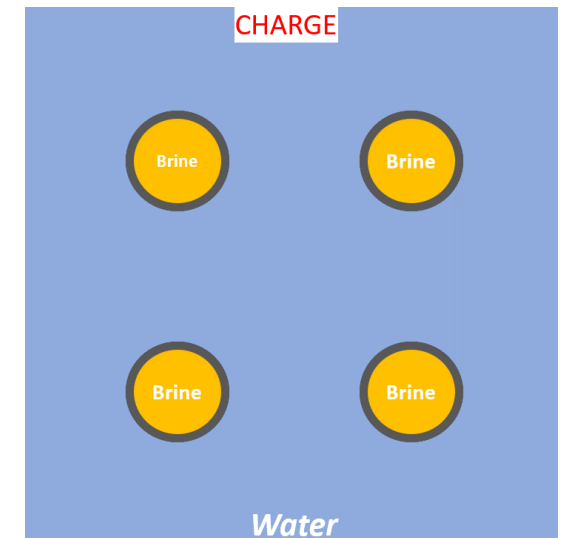
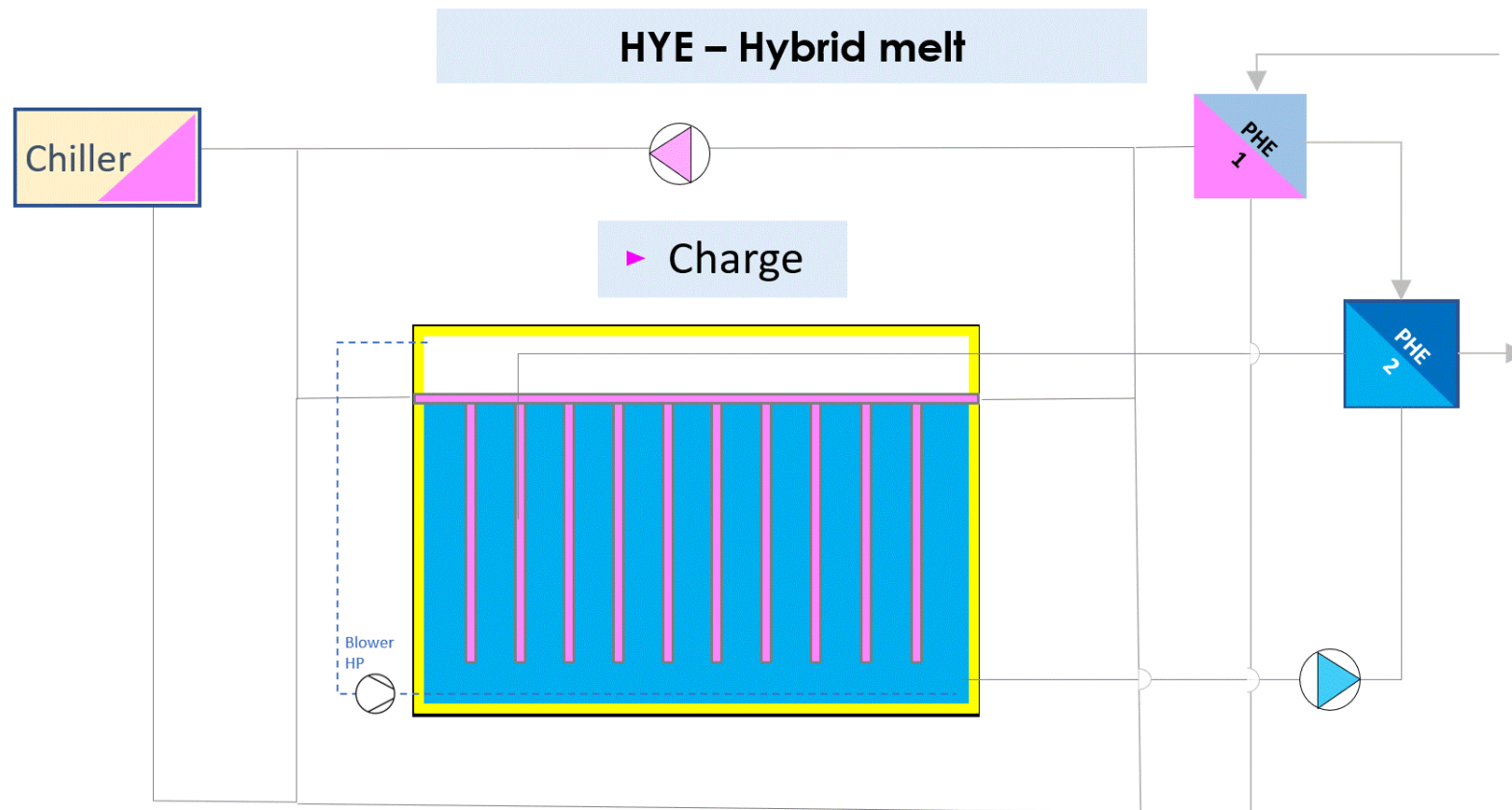
INTERNAL MELT – UW



EXTERNAL MELT – XM



HYBRID MELT– HYE



EXAMPLE ICEBAT CAPACITY 4 MWh

